

**KONKURS JĘZYKA ANGIELSKIEGO  
DLA UCZNIÓW SZKÓŁ PODSTAWOWYCH  
MAJ 2013**

**CZĘŚĆ I- SŁUCHANIE**

**Zadanie 1**

**Wysłuchaj tekstu i zdecyduj, czy poniższe zdania są prawdziwe (TRUE), czy fałszywe (FALSE).**

	TRUE	FALSE
1. Alexander was the king of Macedonia in 336 A.D.		
2. He was blonde and long-haired.		
3. His soldiers were only Greeks.		
4. He used animals, like elephants in battles.		
5. Julius Caesar admired Alexander for his achievements.		
6. Everybody loved Alexander at his time.		
7. He accepted foreigners at his court and in his army.		
8. He thought that a strong empire could be a mixture of different cultures.		
9. He joined the parts of the world so that information could easily cross the boundaries.		
10. Alexander did not influence the world we live nowadays in any ways.		

...../10

## CZĘŚĆ II- CZYTANIE

### Zadanie 2

Przeczytaj artykuł i w każdym punkcie wybierz najlepszą z podanych odpowiedzi.

Zakreśl A, B lub C,

np. Puffins live

- a) under water.
- b) at sea for a long time.
- c) in the ground.



### *Atlantic Puffins*

Atlantic puffins are birds that live at sea most of their lives. They fly through the air like most birds, but they also "fly" through the water, using their wings as paddles.

Puffins eat sand eels and herring—which they hunt underwater. They generally stay underwater for 30 seconds or less, but are able to stay down for up to a minute and dive 200 feet (61 meters) deep.

Well adapted for their home in the water, puffins are also speedy in the air. They flap their wings up to 400 times a minute, speeding along in the air at 55 miles (88 kilometers) an hour—as fast as a car on a highway.

In the spring and summer, thousands of puffins gather in colonies on the coasts and islands of the North Atlantic Ocean. Females and males become moms and dads.

Puffins' nesting sites are often dug on steep rocky cliffs, where the birds and their eggs are safer from predators. The birds nest in burrows in the ground or in a sheltered area among rocks. A burrow is about three feet (91 centimeters) long.

Mom and dad both care for the hatchling, too, feeding their chick with the food that they carry back

to the nest from the sea. It takes about 49 days for it to learn to fly and be able to live on its own. The young puffins leave their nest for good at this point, when they fly or swim out to sea.

Early settlers in North America killed puffins as food. They were also hunted for their feathers, often used as hat decorations. Today, puffins still are eaten by people in many places. Puffins have never been endangered and their population is in the millions today.

From April to August, puffins join together in breeding colonies onshore. The rest of the year they spread out and live far from shore in the open ocean. Young puffins do not join breeding colonies until they are between two and three years old; these birds stay at sea until they mature.

**1. Puffins eat**

- a) cold water planktons.
- b) seaweed.
- c) small fish.

**2. Puffins can fly**

- a) very fast.
- b) not as fast as they can swim.
- c) but speeding less than 88 kilometers an hour.

**3. A puffins' nesting place - a burrow - is located**

- a) in the water.
- b) deep in the ground.
- c) on the flat area.

**4. Puffins**

- a) start living independently when they know how to swim and fly.
- b) are hunted for food only in a few places.
- c) are endangered species.

**5. Puffins' breeding season**

- a) is all the year round.
- b) is from April to August.
- c) is every two or three years.

...../5

### Zadanie 3

**Przeczytaj poniższy tekst (FAST FACTS), a następnie zdecyduj, czy zdania 1-6 są prawdziwe czy fałszywe. Postaw krzyżyk w kolumnie True lub False.**

***FAST FACTS***

- An Atlantic puffin (*Fratercula arctica*) lives to be about 20 years old or more in the wild. The oldest known puffin was 29 years old.
- An Atlantic puffin is about ten inches (25 centimeters) long. It weighs about 17.5 ounces (500 grams).
- Atlantic puffins are black-and-white seabirds with a large, colorful, red, blue, and yellow bill. Their legs are orange. Males and females look alike, though the male is slightly bigger.
- Because of the shape of their beaks, Atlantic puffins are sometimes called "sea parrots." Another nickname for these birds is "clowns of the sea."

- The colorful beaks of the puffin fade in the winter, as do the bright feet. In the spring, as breeding season approaches, the beaks and feet of the birds brighten.
- The Atlantic puffin is the only puffin species found in the Atlantic Ocean. In the Pacific Ocean there are three other species of puffin. The Atlantic species is the smallest puffin.
- The main predator of puffins is the great black-backed gull. If the puffins can't make it back to their burrow in time, the gulls steal the fish right out of the puffins' beaks.

	True	False
1. Males and females puffin look exactly the same.		
2. The puffins have several nicknames.		
3. The colours of their beaks and feet stay bright all the year round .		
4. There are no smaller puffins than the Atlantic species.		
5. Puffins hunt on the great black backed gull.		

...../5

### CZĘŚĆ III- GRAMATYKA

#### Zadanie 4

Uzupełnij zdania czasownikami z nawiasów w odpowiedniej formie,  
 np.: **...ARE .you ...DOING... (DO) anything at the moment?**

1. Jason <sup>1</sup>.....(win) a match last week and he <sup>2</sup>.....(throw) a party to celebrate it.
2. <sup>3</sup>.....(you/win/ever) any money?  
How much <sup>4</sup>..... (you/win)?
3. Are you going to watch "Harry Potter" ? What time <sup>5</sup>.....(this film/start)?
4. He hardly ever <sup>6</sup>..... (watch) TV.
5. We <sup>7</sup>.....(not/visit) Mexico before.
6. I'm afraid I can't go to the cinema with you. My grandparents <sup>8</sup>..... (come) tomorrow.

7. <sup>9</sup> .....(this bus/go) to the city centre? I need to get there.
8. How <sup>10</sup> .....(you/spend) the last evening?  
I <sup>11</sup> .....(do) my homework, then I <sup>12</sup> .....(watch) TV.
9. When I was a baby I <sup>13</sup> .....(not/can) swim.
10. I think that in twenty years people <sup>14</sup> .....(not/travel) to other planets for holidays.
11. It's the first time <sup>15</sup> .....(Betty/go) on holidays without her parents.
12. As we <sup>16</sup> .....(chat) on the internet last night, the lights <sup>17</sup> .....(go) out.
13. He <sup>18</sup> .....(fall) off his bike when he was cycling to school.
14. I think we have to take our cat to the vet. She <sup>19</sup> .....(lie) in the basket all day.
15. You <sup>20</sup> .....(always/complain) about your school!

...../20

## Zadanie 5

Przetłumacz podane w nawiasach wyrażenia i uzupełnij nimi zdania, np.: *(Jest kilka) ....There are a few... oranges in the fridge.*

1. I'll have <sup>1</sup> .....(tabliczkę czekolady), please.
2. I need <sup>2</sup> .....(puszkę fasolek).
3. There is <sup>3</sup> .....(bardzo mało) milk.
4. <sup>4</sup> .....(dużo) students are ill. There are <sup>5</sup> .....(bardzo mało) children present today.
5. You <sup>6</sup> .....(nie możecie) talk on your mobiles in lessons.
6. We <sup>7</sup> .....(nie musimy) get up early tomorrow. It's the weekend!
7. I <sup>8</sup> .....(nie mogę) read this text. It's too small.
8. <sup>9</sup> .....(czy wy musicie) wear uniforms at school?
9. He <sup>10</sup> .....(nie powinien) eat so many sweets.

...../10

## Zadanie 6

Uzupełnij zdania odpowiednimi przyimkami miejsca i czasu (in, on, over, through, at, across),

np.: On Monday I always get up early.

1. My birthday is ..... May 15th.
2. I'm ill and I'm ..... bed.
3. ....Christmas people sing Christmas carols.
4. Dorothy broke her leg and she's ..... hospital.
5. Jack and Jill went ..... the bridge.

...../5

## Zadanie 7

W każdym zdaniu jest jeden błąd. Podkreśl go i popraw,

np.: It's enough cold to go swimming. .....TOO.....

1. Travelling in a car is more comfortably than travelling on a train.  
.....
2. Pam is much intelligent as Claire. ....
3. Paula drives a car more safe than Tom. ....
4. It is less cold today from yesterday. ....
5. We are good students. We study really hardly. ....

...../5

## CZĘŚĆ IV- SŁOWNICTWO

### Zadanie 8

Wybierz właściwe słowo, aby uzupełnić zdanie,  
np.: Can you take care ..... your little brother?

a) of b) after c) for d) in

1. Giving presents at Christmas is a very old .....

a) way b) lifestyle c) custom d) habit

2. I ..... you so much.

a) longed b) waited c) missed d) cried

3. Is he really ..... in art?

a) fond b) keen c) interesting d) interested

4. I've lost my wallet. Will you help me look ..... it?

a) at b) in c) after d) for

5. This house is for ..... . Why don't you buy it.

a) rent b) hire c) sale d) let

6. She ..... goodbye to her friends as the train left the station.

a) shook b) waved c) touched d) greeted

7. .... I'm late.

a) Sorry b) Excuse me c) Forgive me d) Pardon me

8. A lot of people don't eat .....

a) pig b) pork c) hog d) piglet

9. While you are at the greengrocer's, please get a .....

a) greens b) salad c) lettuce d) butter

10. What time did you ..... London Airport?

a) reach to b) arrive to c) arrive at d) arrive in

...../10

## Zadanie 9

Zaznacz słowo, które nie pasuje do pozostałych,  
np.: tram ferry boat **sheep**

1. throat neck ankle back freckles
2. magpie stork sparrow salmon hawk
3. bandage guard blood surgeon plaster
4. traffic junction crossing pedestrian stage
5. chop fry pie grate mix

...../5

## Zadanie 10

Odgadnij słowo, które pasuje do opisu i zaznacz je,  
np.: a thing used for eating soup a fork/a **spoon**

1. A four-legged animal with horns, good at climbing. a goat/ a sheep
2. A woman who looks after other people's children. a nurse/ a nanny
3. A person waiting to be served in a shop. a client/ a customer
4. Someone who does not tell the truth. a liar / a coward
5. A small house with only one floor. a cottage/a bungalow

...../5



## CZĘŚĆ V- ELEMENTY WIEDZY O KULTURZE

### Zadanie 11

Wybierz właściwą odpowiedź,

np.: The capital of Canada is:

a) New York      **b) Ottawa**      c) Toronto

1. The Queen's favourite dogs are

a) poodles      b) corgies      c) labradors

2. Who lives at 10 Downing Street?

a) the Queen      b) J.K. Rowling      c) the Prime Minister

3. What do people do every year to remember Guy Fawkes?

a) bonfires      b) barbecues      c) garage sales

4. The saint patron of England is

a) St. Andrew      b) St. Patrick      c) St. George

5. The capital of Northern Ireland is

a) Belfast      b) Dublin      c) Cork

6. The Union Jack is

a) the American anthem      b) the British flag      c) the British drink

7. The highest mountain in the USA is

a) Ben Nevis      b) Mount McKinley      c) Blue Mountain Peak

8. On Shrove Tuesday British people eat

a) pancakes      b) baked beans      c) roast turkey

9. A leek or daffodil is a national emblem or 'sign' for

a) Scotland      b) England      c) Wales

10. The White House is in

a) Washington      b) New York      c) Boston

...../10

**TOTAL ...../95**

**Opracowały:**

**Tamara Hachulska- doradca metodyczny w Samorządowym Ośrodku Doradztwa Metodycznego  
i Doskonalenia Nauczycieli w Kielcach,**

**Beata Dulnik- nauczyciel języka angielskiego w Szkole Podstawowej nr 28 w Kielcach,**

**Monika Rozdziałowska- nauczyciel języka angielskiego w Szkole Podstawowej nr 28 w Kielcach.**